The mass function of black holes

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COST WG 4 Supermassive Black Holes



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Contents

- From Cosmic Rays to Black Holes
- Massive Black Holes Catalog
- Model fitting
- Formation simulation
- Monte-Carlo Distribution Simulation
- Conclusions&Discussions

• UHECR – Sources



Cosmic Ray Flux vs. Energy (S. Swordy)

Black Hole with Accretion Disk and Torus (Illustration: NASA/CXC/M.Weiss)

• Black Hole Mass – Scaling Relations

• Constructing the catalog

• <u>Sample at 2 micron</u> (Two Micron All Sky Survey - 2MASS, Skrutskie et al., 2006): all galaxies dominated by an **old stellar population** emit strongly at **2micron** (van der Wel et al. 2006), and the spheroidal component of the **older stellar population** correlates well with **supermassive black holes** (e.g., Faber et al. 1997, Wang & Biermann 1998, Haering & Rix 2004)

$$M_{_{B\,H}} \sim F_{_{2\mu m}} \cdot D^2$$

• Using Hubble type \longrightarrow • Scaling Relation \longrightarrow • Catalog

Aitoff projection in galactic coordinates of 5,895 NED candidate sources in the case of a complete sub sample. The choice was made from a complete sample of 10284 candidate brighter than 0.03Jy and selected at z< 0.025 and 2 micron. The color code is Black, Blue, Green, Orange, Red corresponding to redshifts between 0, 0.005, 0.01, 0.015, 0.02, 0.025

• Sky plot color coded in Black Holes Mass

Aitoff projection in galactic coordinates of 5,895 NED candidate sources. The color code is Brown, Orange, Green, Blue, Red, Black corresponding to black hole masses between 10⁵ Msol , 10⁶ Msol , 10⁷ Msol , 10⁸ Msol , 10⁹ Msol .

• Integral Black Hole Mass Function

Integral mass function corrected for Hubble type sampling, 2928 objects, the slope of the lines is: red line -2.0 fitting > 10⁸ Msol, and blue line -1.0 fitting between 10⁷ Msol and 10⁸ Msol. (Caramete&Biermann, A&A, 2010)

• Integral Black Hole Mass Function

Integral mass function corrected for Hubble type sampling, 2928 objects with fit. The parameters after the fit are: $m0 = 3.04 \times 10^6 \pm 2.8 \times 10^5$ Msol and $mb = 9.73 \times 10^7 \pm 3.8 \times 10^7$ Msol.

• 3D Representation of the catalog

• Markov Chain Monte-Carlo

• Conclusions&Discussion

- A simple scaling method to give a big catalog of black holes
 - Fit formation physical models to the integral mass function as a check
 - N-body simulation of the distribution of black holes
 - Monte-Carlo multi-dimensional simulations of distribution of mass, redshift

http://www.science-side.com/

http://www.spacescience.ro/new1/cosmo/

http://www.mpifr-bonn.mpg.de/div/theory/

Done

Plot of Mass over redshift for the massive black hole catalog with the selection curve for elliptical galaxies in blue. This also shows the stepwise selection procedure with the two most extreme cases, the lowest mass, and the highest redshift, also in red.