Majestic & Refined: Shocks and turbulence in simulated massive galaxy clusters





F.Vazza (Jacobs + IRA)
G.Brunetti (IRA-Bologna)
C.Gheller, R.Brunino (Cineca-Bologna)
M.Brüggen (Jacobs)
A.Bonafede (Jacobs)

Irsee, 05 Oct. 2010

Scientific cases:

<u>MAIN:</u>

• SHOCK, TURBULENCE, MIXING MECHANISMS IN GALAXY CLUSTERS

- ACCELERATION OF RELATIVISTIC PARTICLES
- NON THERMAL EMISSION(S)

<u>SPIN-OFFS</u>:

- Metal enrichment in the ICM
- AGN feedback
- Jets ICM interactions



Why bothering?

NT emission are likely powered by SHOCKS and TURBULENCE (30% of clusters)



<u>A521:</u> Relic+Halo (Giacintucci+alO7, Brunetti+alO8)

~30 radio halos ~20 radio relics <u>The main ingredients:</u> Relativistic particles, magnetic fields, chaotic motions *(see talks by Ensslin, Bonafede, Bruggen, Hoeft, Dolag...)*



<u>MACS J0717.5+3745:</u> Radio Halo at z=0.55 (Bonafede et al.2009)



Our simulations 2005-2010: @Bologna 2010 - ... @Jacobs

are done with the <u>grid</u>
 <u>code ENZO</u> (Bryan et al.
 1995) + customization

are fully <u>cosmological</u>

 do not contain fancy extra-physics (no star formation, no B field, no Cosmic Rays, no conduction, ...)



• At present, they likely provide the <u>most</u> <u>spatially resolved</u> <u>representation</u> of fluiddynamical processes in the "standard" Intra Cluster Medium





Yet, not a trivial issue, because the modelization of the ICM is not always convergent with resolution and against different numerical methods

> (e.g. Grid vs Smoothed Particle Hydr,

100Mpc/h Projected temperature



Vazza, Dolag, Ryu et al.2015, to be submitted...

WHAT IS THE BEST REFINEMENT FOR SHOCKS?

REFINEMENT ON GAS DENSITY



DM mass resolution $m_{dm} = 6.7 \cdot 10^8 M_{o}/h$ Peak resolution = 12kpc/h

WHAT IS THE BEST REFINEMENT FOR SHOCKS?

REFINEMENT ON GAS DENSITY

+ VELOCITY JUMPS



Shocks and gas/DM clumps are refined up to 12kpc/h even When located at clusters outskirts

→ Vazza, Brunetti, Kritsuk, Gheller, Wagner & Norman 2009

"Dance" of a formig cluster (temperature)

"standard AMR" "new" AMR difference





<u>Streamlines</u>: turbulent velocity field

<u>Colors:</u> shocks

Example: The shock-turbulence connection

(time evolution)



2010: Large cosmological resimulations of 20 massive galaxy clusters

800 000 cpu hours

Vazza et al.2010



Cluster E1 @ Mach

The final sample: 20 clusters

dynamical state:

- 4 "relaxed"
- 6 "merging"
- 10 "post-merger"

 $\frac{\text{masses:}}{7 \cdot 10^{14}} M_{\text{sol}} < M < 3 \cdot 10^{15} M_{\text{sol}}$

<u># of Dark M. particles</u>: $N \sim 10^6 - 10^7$

 $\frac{\# \text{ of high resolution cells:}}{N_g \sim 550^3 \sim 10^8}$

every run ~ 30 000 hours

http://data.cineca.it/







How they look like.....

A cluster merger at z=0.6

(N ~ 550³ grid points)





SHOCKS \rightarrow unprecedented statistics and spatial detail at the same time

$$\Delta v = \frac{3}{4} v_s \frac{1 - M^2}{M^2}$$

(see Vazza, Brunetti & Gheller 2009 MNRAS)





- >90% of shocks in clusters is weak (*M*<2)
- Peak of energy dissipation at \mathcal{M} ~2
- Very steep injection spectra of Cosmic Rays $N(p) \sim p^{-\delta} \quad \delta > 3$ (cfr. with Ryu, Pfrommer ...)



Simulated Radio Relics from ENZO clusters (Vazza, Brunetti, Bonafede, Bruggen et al., in prep.)

- Estimated Cosmic Rays injection from Diffusive Shock Acceleration theory (as in Kang & Jones 2002, 2007)

- Extension of syncrothron emission model from <u>Hoeft &</u> <u>Bruggen 2007</u>

- Various (passive) magnetic field models

 $- \xi_p^e = 0.01$

 convolution for VLA (Darray) senstivities & resolution



"sites" of particle acceleration for E>1GeV



Radio emission from a thin layer = 25kpc

No broadening

with broadening

X-ray luminosity



Size of the downstream emitting region (e.g. Hoeft & Bruggen 07)

$$y_c = 135 kpc \cdot \frac{V_{dw}}{100 km/s} \cdot \frac{B_{\mu G}^{1/2}}{B_{\mu G}^2 + B_{CMB}^2} \cdot (\frac{v_{obs}}{1.4 Ghz})^{-1/2},$$

Radio emission from the whole cluster = 8Mpc

No broadening with broadening

X-ray luminosity



$$y_c = 135 kpc \cdot \frac{V_{dw}}{100 km/s} \cdot \frac{B_{\mu G}^{1/2}}{B_{\mu G}^2 + B_{CMB}^2} \cdot (\frac{v_{obs}}{1.4 Ghz})^{-1/2},$$

Potentially detectable radio emission at z=0.1

 $v_{obs} = 1.4 GHz$

VLA D-configuration

 $>3\sigma = 90\mu J / beam$

Magnetic field model scaling with gas density

1 Mpc

Different line of sights (same object)







Different magnetic fields

b0=1muG

F 1

7





The broadening of the emission region is important at lower frequencies



TURBULENCE \rightarrow unprecedented statistics and large scale separation



Vazza, Brunetti, Gheller, Brunino & Bruggen to be submitted

Average profiles for the ratio between turbulent and thermal energy (turbulence = velocity struct. < 300kpc)



Individual profiles

Average profiles

How many clusters contain enough turbulence to power ~Mpc Radio Halos ?



20-30% of clusters have an innermost turbulent region with E_turb > 0.25 E_therm

Average power spectra for the 3D velocity field

relaxing post-merg. merging 10⁻² 10^{-3} E(k)/Etherma 10-4 10⁻⁵ 10⁻⁶ 10⁻⁷ 10 100 k/k0

Other proxies of turbulence:

Structure functions
Pair dispersion

statistics (tracers) • Iron Line

Iron Line
 broadening

How do simulated turbulent fields compare with real cluster observations?



Upper limits: real XMM-Newton data from Sanders et al.2010 (note: FOV < 100kpc)

A numerical study of the entropy floor on cluster simulations, + first cosmological "experiments" with AGN feedback in ENZO simulations (Vazza 2010 MNRAS)



Major merger + thermal feedback from AGN jets ...how much is needed to quench cooling?



Cooling, "moderate" feedback E=10⁵⁷ ergs



Energetically feasible, it can restore the entropy floor seen by CHANDRA.

However → need of having self-consistent energy budget → go to -10-100 higher resolutions to model jetlaunching

...new simulations!



End, thanks









Incoming Low-Frequency Radio tools: LOFAR & LWA will increase the number of radio halos by ~10-100 ! ~ ALL radio halos in the UNIVERSE!











A new and more complete view of turbulence and shocks in evolving galaxy clusters



Temperature Map Evolution

Velocity Map Evolution

Curl of Velocity Map Evolution

Shocks Evolution

Tracers Evolution

<u>Ref:</u> Vazza et al.2009 A&A Vazza, Gheller & Brunetti 2010 A&A

